Appendix A

Intake Form

Client Name: Date:	
Therapist/Assessor Name:	Session/Intake No.:
1. Chief Complaint	
(Main reason the person is seeking help now)	
Description: What the individual says is the main	issue or concern. From a trauma-informed
perspective: allow the person's voice to describe i	t, validate their experience, and recognise that
the presenting issue may be linked to past trauma.	
Report:	
2. Current Functioning (Current Situation)	
Description: How the person is functioning in dai	ly life: work/school, relationships, self-care,
sleep, mood, concentration, energy, activity level.	A trauma-informed lens pays attention to how
trauma responses (e.g., hypervigilance, avoidance	, dissociation) may manifest in these areas.
Details:	
3. Symptoms	
Description: Specific psychological, emotional, b	ehavioural and physiological symptoms (e.g.,
anxiety, depression, irritability, nightmares, flashb	backs, avoidance, numbing). Recognise that
such symptoms may be adaptive responses to trau	ıma.
List/Description:	

4. Suicide Risk to Self/Others

harming others, impulsivity, access to means, protective factors. Trauma-informed practice
emphasises collaborative safety planning and supports without judgement.
Risk Details:
• Suicidal ideation/history:
Self-harm behaviours:
Risk of harm to others:
Access to means:
Protective factors:
5. Drug/Alcohol Issues
Description: Current and past substance use (alcohol, illicit drugs, prescription misuse): pattern,
amount/frequency, age of onset, consequences, attempts to reduce/quit. Trauma-informed:
explore substance use as a coping mechanism.
Substance Use History:
6. Current/Past Psychological Treatment
Description: All therapy, counselling, psychiatric services, group therapy etc: dates, provider,
length, outcome, engagement. From trauma-informed perspective: note whether trauma was

Description: Assessment of risk of self-harm, suicidal thoughts/intent/plan/history; risk of

7. Medical History

addressed, client's experience of safety/trust in treatment.

Treatment History:

illnesses, neurological issues, developmental concerns. Trauma-informed: consider mind-body
connections, somatic impacts of trauma.
Medical History:
8. Medications
Current:
Past:
Description: Include psychiatric and non-psychiatric meds; indications, doses, prescriber,
adherence, side-effects. In trauma-informed care: note how medication fits into the trauma
narrative (e.g., started after a traumatic event).
9. Childhood History
Description: Early developmental history: milestones, attachment to caregivers, schooling, peer
relationships, early losses/separations, abuse/neglect, family environment, stability of caregivers
Trauma-informed emphasis: exploring relational trauma, attachment patterns, early coping, self-
view and worldview formation.
Details:
10. Family History
Description: Family structure, caregivers, siblings, major events (divorce, death, migration),
socio-economic context, parenting styles, family relational patterns. From a trauma lens: how
family environment (e.g., parental mental health, substance use, domestic violence) may have
been risk or protective factors.
Family Structure & Context:
Relational/Familial dynamics:

Description: Past and current physical health conditions, surgeries, hospitalisations, chronic

11. Family Mental Health History

Description: Known psychiatric diagnoses or symptoms in family members (parents, siblings, grandparents), substance use in family, suicide attempts or completions, trauma history in family. Trauma-informed: recognition of intergenerational trauma, the ripple-effects of family members' trauma responses.

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trauma responses.
Family MH History:
12. Work History: Current / Past
Description: Employment history (roles, durations, training, reasons for leaving), schooling,
current job status, work-related stressors or trauma (e.g., harassment, accidents). Trauma-
informed: note how trauma may affect vocational identity, performance, relationships at work.
Work History:
13. Present/Past Abuse
Description: Any history of physical, sexual, emotional abuse; neglect; domestic violence;
bullying; trauma exposures (accidents, disasters, war, witnessing violence). Include age of onset,
duration, perpetrator, disclosure, impact. Trauma-informed: allow for varied readiness to
disclose, honour the person's narrative, avoid re-traumatisation.
Abuse History:
14. Stressors
Description: Current and past life stressors (financial, relational, legal, immigration, health,

Description: Current and past life stressors (financial, relational, legal, immigration, health, caregiving, bereavement). Trauma-informed: recognise cumulative stress (including ACEs – Adverse Childhood Experiences) and how ongoing stress may maintain trauma responses.

Stressors:

15. Current Support

Description: Social supports: family, friends, community, religious/spiritual affiliation, peer
groups; available resource networks. Trauma-informed: emphasise connection, safe relational
anchors, empowerment.
Support Systems:
16. Strengths
Description: Individual's capacities, coping skills (even if hidden), talents, successes, survival
responses, values, motivations. Trauma-informed: centre the strengths (not just deficits);
resilience is present even if not obvious.
Strengths:
17. DSM Diagnoses
Description: Based on assessment, list any formal diagnoses per the Diagnostic and Statistical
Manual of Mental Disorders criteria (e.g., PTSD, depression, substance-use disorder, anxiety
disorders). Trauma-informed: integrate trauma context, avoid pathologizing without context.
Diagnoses:
18. Goals
Description: What the person hopes to achieve (short-term and long-term). Goals should be
collaboratively developed, meaningful, realistic, trauma-sensitive (e.g., increase safety, reduce
distress, build relationships, enhance self-regulation, find meaning).
Client Goals:
Therapist/Intervention Goals:

19. Treatment Plan / Recommendations

Description: Detailed plan of intervention: therapeutic modalities (e.g., trauma-focused therapies, CBT, EMDR), frequency, provider(s), referrals (psychiatry, medical, substance use, vocational, legal), safety plan, support services. Trauma-informed: emphasise safety, collaboration, transparency, empowerment, cultural responsiveness, avoidance of retraumatisation, build relational trust and resilience.

Plan & Recommendations:

Referrals/Next Steps:

20. Follow-Up

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Description: When next contact will occur, what will be reviewed, how progress will be
monitored, what measures/indicators will be used, contingency plans if risk increases. Trauma
informed: schedule consistent follow-up, reassure ongoing support, monitor trauma reactions
over time, revisit safety plan.
Next appointment/date:
What to review:
Monitoring/Indicators:
Contingency/Safety plan:
Signature (Assessor): Date: